Author Guidelines for the Preparation of Contributions to Springer Computer Science Proceedings

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1 Introduction

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Your contribution may be prepared in LaTeX or Microsoft Word. Technical Instructions for working with Springer's style files and templates are provided in separate documents which can be found in the respective zip packages on our website.

No academic titles or descriptions of academic positions should be included in the addresses. The affiliations should consist of the author's institution, town, and country.

2 Preparation of Your Paper

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Headings. Headings should be capitalized (i.e., nouns, verbs, and all other words except articles, prepositions, and conjunctions should be set with an initial capital) and should, with the exception of the title, be aligned to the left. Only the first two levels of section headings should be numbered, as shown in Table 1. The respective font sizes are also given in Table 1. Kindly refrain from using "0" when numbering your section headings.

Table 1. Font sizes of headings. Table captions should always be positioned above the tables.

Heading level	Example	Font size and style
Title (centered)	Lecture Notes	14 point, bold
1st-level heading	1 Introduction	12 point, bold
2 nd -level heading	2.1 Printing Area	10 point, bold
3 rd -level heading	Run-in Heading in Bold. Text follows	10 point, bold
4 th -level heading	Lowest Level Heading. Text follows	10 point, italic

Words joined by a hyphen are subject to a special rule. If the first word can stand alone, the second word should be capitalized.

Here are some examples of headings: "Criteria to Disprove Context-Freeness of Collage Languages", "On Correcting the Intrusion of Tracing Non-deterministic Programs by Software", "A User-Friendly and Extendable Data Distribution System", "Multi-flip Networks: Parallelizing GenSAT", "Self-determinations of Man".

Lemmas, Propositions, and Theorems. The numbers accorded to lemmas, propositions, and theorems, etc. should appear in consecutive order, starting with Lemma 1. Please do not include section counters in the numbering like "Theorem 1.1".

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It is essential that all illustrations are clear and legible. Vector graphics (rather than rasterized images) should be used for diagrams and schemas whenever possible. Please check that the lines in line drawings are not interrupted and have a constant width. Grids and details within the figures must be clearly legible and may not be written one on top of the other. Line drawings are to have a resolution of at least 800 dpi (preferably 1200 dpi). The lettering in figures should not use font sizes

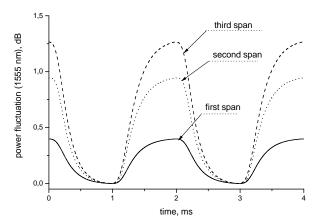


Fig. 1. Power distribution of channel at 1555 nm along the link of 383 km (Source: LNCS 5412, p. 323)

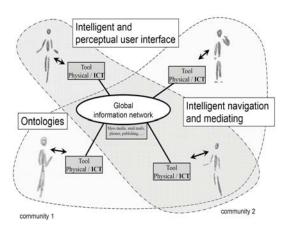


Fig. 2. Artifacts empowered by Artificial Intelligence (Source: LNCS 5640, p. 115)

smaller than 6 pt (~ 2 mm character height). Figures are to be numbered and to have a caption which should always be positioned *under* the figures, in contrast to the caption belonging to a table, which should always appear *above* the table.

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$$x + y = z \tag{1}$$

Equations should be punctuated in the same way as ordinary text but with a small space before the end punctuation mark.

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The superscript numeral used to refer to a footnote appears in the text either directly after the word to be discussed or – in relation to a phrase or a sentence – following the punctuation mark (comma, semicolon, or period).¹

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The footnote numeral is set flush left and the text follows with the usual word spacing.

2.7 Program Code

Program listings or program commands in the text are normally set in typewriter font:

```
program Inflation (Output)
  {Assuming annual inflation rates of 7%, 8%, and
  10%,...
            years};
  const MaxYears = 10;
  var
         Year: 0..MaxYears;
         Factor1, Factor2, Factor3: Real;
 begin
    Year := 0;
    Factor1 := 1.0; Factor2 := 1.0; Factor3 := 1.0;
    WriteLn('Year 7% 8% 10%'); WriteLn;
    repeat
      Year := Year + 1;
      Factor1 := Factor1 * 1.07;
      Factor2 := Factor2 * 1.08;
      Factor3 := Factor3 * 1.10;
      WriteLn(Year:5, Factor1:7:3, Factor2:7:3,
        Factor3:7:3)
    until Year = MaxYears
end.
```

[Example of a computer program from Jensen K., Wirth N.: Pascal User Manual and Report. Springer, New York (1991)]

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For citations in the text, please use square brackets and consecutive numbers. We would write [1,2,3,4,5] for consecutive numbers and [1], [3], [5] for non-consecutive numbers. The numbers in the bibliography section are without square brackets.

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